Online Master of Science in Mass Communications
Graduate Student Handbook
2019-2020
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Students enroll in the A.Q. Miller School’s graduate program with varying objectives in mind. Some students want to advance their professional careers by taking higher-level courses designed to enhance their knowledge base in a particular field of mass communications. Other students seek to switch from an existing line of work to a media-oriented occupational path. And some students seek to enter the field of higher education through teaching and research. Regardless of your objectives, the A.Q. Miller School’s master’s degree is designed to help you update your credentials and distinguish yourself through a program of applied study of issues, theory, and research in the fields of strategic communications, risk and reputation management, digital audiences and analytics, or health and science communication.

The School’s graduate faculty has established four primary student learning outcomes that we believe are essential for students who complete our program of study:

- Demonstrate an understanding of mass communications concepts and theories.
- Demonstrate critical thinking and ability to write correctly and clearly in academic forms and styles appropriate for the communications field.
- Apply basic quantitative and qualitative research concepts.
- Evaluate research results using relevant methods.

All graduate classes in your program will be dedicated to accomplishing these goals.

A.Q. Miller School graduate students can choose between two residential tracks (research and professional) and an online track (professional). The online professional track culminates with a practicum.
RECOMMENDED PLAN OF ACTION

August-September: One-on-one required meetings with graduate director; Select supervisory committee and submit Program of Study form to the Graduate School

April-May: Proposal submission & defense

August or November: Practicum report defense and final examination

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**TIMELINE REQUIREMENTS:**

1. Individual Required Meeting with Graduate Director (August-September of second semester).
   - The graduate director serves as the initial adviser of all graduate students until they select a supervisory committee chair at the end of the second semester.
   - Each student meets with the graduate director to discuss committee chair and member selection and practicum planning.
   - It is students’ responsibility to discuss & complete the Plan of Study with the graduate director, their options/selection of a supervisory committee chair and committee members. The Plan of Study form is available in Word and PDF format on the Graduate School website (https://www.k-state.edu/grad/students/masters/index.html).

2. MC 770 Practicum Proposal Submission (April-May of third semester).
   - Each supervising professor should meet regularly with his/her advisee(s) during the spring semester to discuss plans for the MC 770 Practicum and the nature of the report to be produced at the end of the practicum.
   - During this semester, supervising professors should:
     - Provide clear expectations about the elements of the proposal.
     - Help develop a timeline that maximizes work on the proposal.
COURSE REQUIREMENTS

ONLINE PROFESSIONAL TRACK COURSEWORK

30 graduate hours, distributed as follows:

**Required (15):**
- MC 765 Communication Theory (3)
- MC 780 Research Methods (3)
- MC 770 Mass Communication Practicum (1-3)
- MC 740/782 Strategic Communication Management
- MC 820 Digital Media Audiences and Analytics (3)

**Electives (15):**
- Three 700-level electives in Mass Communications with adviser approval (6)
- Two non-MC electives (6) with adviser approval

COURSE LEVELS

Master’s students should earn a significant majority of their credit hours in courses numbered 700 or above. Courses at the 600-level may be included among electives outside MC, but 500-level courses in the student’s major area are expected to have been completed as undergraduate prerequisites to graduate study or as undergraduate deficiency courses assigned upon admission.

MC COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

**MC 712. Environmental Communications. (3) (Cross-listed with ACOM 712)**
Combines theoretical discussions with practical experience regarding communications about environmental issues and provides introduction to natural and applied science topics related to a communications plan.

**MC 720. Ethics in Mass Communications. (3)**
Moral analysis, argument and decision-making by the mass communicator.

**MC 725. International Communications. (3)**
Comparative study of world media systems and the role of mass communications in national development.

**MC 730. Seminar in Issues in the Media. (3)**
A study of philosophical and technological advances in mass communications with emphasis on projected patterns of future growth and development. May be repeated once when topic varies.

**MC 740. Colloquium in Mass Communications. (1-3)** Topic varies depending on expertise of instructor.

**MC 745. Seminar in Mass Communication Law. (3)** Analysis of mass communications freedoms and limitations in such areas as defamation, privacy, copyright, censorship, obscenity, and advertising and electronic media regulation.

**MC 750. Strategic Health Communication. (3)**
The role of effective communication through mass media and other communication strategies in health promotion and behavior change. Includes the theories and strategies used to promote public health messages, services or products for multicultural audiences, with a focus on human, environment and animal health.
MC 760. Issues, Risk and Reputation. (3)
Promotes understanding of strategic communication and media as tools to prepare, mitigate, and respond to threats to public health and safety.

MC 765. Communication Theory. (3)
An examination of major communication theories as they relate to mass communications.

MC 770. Professional Journalism Practicum. (3)
For graduate students. Supervised practical work in professional journalism and mass communications. Includes laboratory investigation, field work and internships.

MC 780. Research Methods in Mass Communications. (3)
Survey of research methods used in the study of the mass media.

MC 782. Strategic Communications Management. (3)
Study of various forms of communication management and strategies that further the objectives of an organization, including organizational communication, marketing communication, and public relations, and how qualitative inquiry contributes to theory construction in mass communication.

MC 820. Digital Media Audiences and Analytics. (3)
Theories and concepts related to digital audiences in mass communication. Content strategies and implications of new media technologies for journalism, strategic communication, culture, and society. How media audiences are formed, analyzed, and measured in the digital age.

K-STATE GRADUATE SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS & FORMS

In addition to the specific departmental requirements for the Master of Science in Mass Communications, the requirements of the Graduate School apply. The link to all requirements and forms is [https://www.k-state.edu/grad/graduate-handbook/chapter2.html](https://www.k-state.edu/grad/graduate-handbook/chapter2.html)

It is the responsibility of the graduate faculty working with each graduate student to make sure that all requirements are met by the Graduate School’s published deadlines. All Graduate School forms are available at: [https://www.k-state.edu/grad/students/masters/index.html](https://www.k-state.edu/grad/students/masters/index.html)

MINIMUM GRADE REQUIREMENTS

As a graduate student, you will notice that there is a higher level of expectation in terms of classroom performance. The Graduate School and the Miller School both require that students admitted with less than the requisite 3.0 undergraduate grade point average be placed on “probationary” status. After completing nine credit hours of course work at Kansas State University, the student’s progress will be reviewed. Those who have earned grades of B or higher and have accumulated a GPA of 3.0 or higher on their first nine hours (exclusive of individualized study), and removed all deficiencies specified at the time of admission, will be placed in good academic standing.

DISMISSAL

A graduate student will be denied continued enrollment at Kansas State University for:
- Not achieving a cumulative GPA of at least 3.0 within 2 semesters for full-time students and within 12 credit hours for part-time students.
- Failure to meet published departmental or University requirements.
- Failure to maintain satisfactory progress toward a graduate degree.
- Failure in the final degree examination.
- Failure to acquire mastery of the methodology or content in a field sufficient to complete a successful practicum.
- Qualifying for placement on probation a second time, except when the first period of probation a condition of admission is or when the second period is a condition of reinstatement.
• A recommendation for suspension or expulsion by the Honor Council.

A student who has been denied continued enrollment may petition the Graduate School for reinstatement to the same program or for admission to a different one. Students whose petitions are granted are readmitted on probation as a condition of readmission. In such cases, the Readmission Committee usually stipulates enrollment in a specific number of hours or courses, as well as other conditions for probation.

DEGREE INACTIVITY

A student will be placed in inactive status if he or she is not currently enrolled and has not been enrolled during the previous two years. Once in inactive status, a student must reapply to (and be accepted into) a graduate program before being considered for re-entry by the Graduate School. In order to be allowed to resume graduate studies, the student must meet all requirements for entry at the time of the new application. Inactive students who seek to regain active status will not, however, be required to recreate materials submitted with their original applications and held in their files by the Graduate School. If allowed to regain active status, the formerly inactive student will be subject to all requirements in force in his or her graduate program and in the Graduate School at the time the student returns to active status.

STUDENT RIGHTS & COMPLAINT POLICIES

Every graduate student has:
- Freedom of inquiry, conscience, expression, and association and the right to petition for the redress of grievances.
- The right, to the extent permitted by law, to have any information about his or her opinions and associations unrelated to academic performance or assigned responsibilities that has been acquired by professors or administrators in the course of their work as instructors, advisors, or counselors held confidential at his or her request and not disclosed to others without his or her consent.
- Freedom from unfair treatment by faculty or administration in the assignment and evaluation of academic work toward the completion of requirements for a particular course.
- The right to due process in the conduct of proceedings pursuant to the provisions of this document or of any proceedings conducted under any other provisions of any other rule or regulation governing Kansas State University.
- The right to immunity from reprisal in the form of University disciplinary action or proceedings for seeking redress pursuant to the provisions of this document.
- Every graduate student is responsible for:
  - The exercise of applicable rights and freedoms, as enumerated above, in a manner that does not materially and substantially interfere with the requirements of appropriate discipline in the operation of the institution nor infringe upon the rights of other students, faculty, or staff.
  - Completing the requirements and meeting the standards of any course in which he or she is enrolled.
  - Understanding the legal and ethical standards applicable to scholarship in general and to the student’s discipline, and understanding the policies and procedures that the University has in place to ensure compliance with these standards.

The Grievance Policy is designed to resolve concerns and grievances brought by graduate students related to their graduate level academic program as more fully defined below. The formal grievance must be initiated within 6 months of the time that the graduate student knows of the matter prompting the grievance, or the graduate student relinquishes any opportunity to pursue the grievance. Under these procedures, a graduate student is any person who has been formally admitted as a graduate student at the time the alleged events leading to the grievance occurred. A grievance means a dispute concerning some aspect of academic involvement arising from an administrative or faculty decision which the graduate student claims is unjust or is in violation of his or her rights established through formal prior agreement. “Grievances” under this procedure shall include disputes over grades, course requirements, graduation/degree program requirements, and thesis and dissertation committee and/or advisor decisions.

Non-academic conduct of graduate students is governed by the KSU Student Code of Conduct in the Student Life Handbook and the hearing procedures therein. The K-State Honor & Integrity System, as
described in the Student Life Handbook, governs issues of academic integrity. Allegations of misconduct believed to constitute discrimination, including sexual harassment as described and defined in the “Policy and Procedure for Discrimination and Harassment Complaints,” in the University Handbook should be referred to the Affirmative Action Office or the Office of Student Life. Allegations of assault covered under the “Policy Prohibiting Sexual Violence” should be referred to the Office of Student Life.

The graduate student should attempt to resolve any grievance first with the faculty member, supervisory committee, or administrator involved. If, after earnest inquiry, the conflict remains unresolved, the graduate student should discuss the grievance with the department head/chairperson or other immediate administrative superior of the respondent, the Academic Dean or his/her designee and, if pertinent, with any relevant departmental faculty member or committee. If the outcome of this conflict resolution process is successful, then the resolution shall be reduced to writing. The resolution should be signed by all participating parties to confirm their receipt of document. Copies of the signed resolution will be provided to the graduate student, respondent, administrative superior, and Academic Dean involved in the conflict resolution session. The official copy shall be sent to the Graduate School to be retained in the student’s file.

If the conflict resolution process is not successful, the Academic Dean and the Associate Dean of the Graduate School will confer within 10 working days to determine if further conflict resolution steps should be pursued. The outcome of this conferral will be shared in writing with all parties.

The goal of the Policy on Gender is to create an environment at Kansas State University in which all students, faculty, and staff interact solely on the basis of individual strengths and characteristics, without having those interactions shaped by generalizations, stereotypes, or valuations based on gender; and to encourage constructive, thoughtful, and gender-sensitive behavior. Kansas State University will maintain academic and work environments that are free of discrimination, racial/ethnic harassment, including sexual harassment and retaliation for filing a complaint under this policy. Discrimination or harassment based on race, color, ethnic or national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, religion, age, ancestry, disability, military status, or veteran status is prohibited. Retaliation against a person for reporting or objecting to discrimination or harassment is a violation of this policy whether or not discrimination or harassment occurred. This Policy is not intended and will not be used to infringe on academic freedom, or to censor or punish students, faculty, employees, or staff who exercise their First Amendment right to express ideas and opinions on any topic.

Persons who violate this policy are subject to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal from employment or expulsion from the university following proceedings prescribed in the University Handbook, or the By-Laws to the Constitution of the KSU Student Governing Association. Remedial actions will be taken to restore any losses. Examples of remedial actions include, but are not limited to reevaluation of a grade, an evaluation completed by someone other than the respondent, reconsideration of an application for employment, placement in a position, back pay and lost benefits, rescission of a disciplinary action, or a change of housing.

Confidentiality Statement: Kansas State University maintains various student records to document academic progress as well as to record interactions with University officials and staff. To protect the students’ rights to privacy, and to conform with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA), the University has an established the Student Records Policy. Interpretation of this policy is based on experience with educational records, and the policy itself may subsequently be modified in light of this experience. Notice of this policy and of students’ rights under FERPA is given annually. The policy is published in the Undergraduate and Graduate Catalog and in the Course Schedules.

Student Rights According to FERPA

- Right of inspection of records
- Right to challenge records believed to be inaccurate
- Right to consent to disclosure of personally identifiable records (with exceptions).
- Right to file complaints of alleged violations of the aforementioned rights.

There are various exceptions and areas of university discretion concerning student FERPA rights. To
review further information visit the Student Records Policy section of this site, the Department of Education FERPA Site, or visit the Office of the Registrar in 118 Anderson Hall.

Directory Information

Certain information concerning students is considered to be open to the public upon inquiry. This public information is called directory information and includes: name, local address and telephone number, permanent address, e-mail address, date and place of birth, photograph or likeness, college, curriculum, enrollment status (full/part-time), classification, dates of attendance at Kansas State University, awards and academic honors, degrees and dates awarded, most recent previous educational institution attended, participation in officially recognized activities and athletic teams, and height and weight of student athletes. Directory information as defined above will be released upon inquiry, unless the student has requested that this information not be released. The student’s request to have directory information withheld must be submitted to the Office of the Registrar, 118 Anderson Hall. The Office of the Registrar will notify other appropriate University offices by placing a notation within the student information system. See the FERPA Non-Disclosure page for further information and for a copy of the form.

ACADEMIC PROCEDURES FOR THE ONLINE PROFESSIONAL TRACK

Students in the online master’s program in Mass Communications need to complete a capstone practicum (MC 770) and write a 10-page report on the project they worked on as part of the practicum. The practicum must be approved by the supervisory committee and the practicum supervisor (employer). The practicum project can include, but is not limited to, a series of news articles, a broadcast program or documentary, an advertising or public relations campaign, a market analysis, a social-media audit, an interactive application, a website, or a photo/video project. The practicum report describes the project, its conceptualization, a literature review to contextualize the project, and a conclusion addressing takeaways, limitations, and implications. The students complete their capstone under the guidance of a supervisor (employer), committee chair (adviser), and a supervisory committee.

GRADUATE ADVISING

The Associate Director of Graduate Studies serves as all students’ initial adviser. Once students have become acquainted with other graduate faculty members through classes and other opportunities and have begun to formulate their individual professional goals, each student will select a faculty member compatible with the student’s professional interests to serve as a supervising professor / committee chair. The student will then work in conjunction with the Associate Director of Graduate Studies and his/her supervising professor to complete the capstone practicum and report.

THE PROGRAM OF STUDY

Every master’s student must file with the Graduate School a Program of Study, which includes a formal list of the courses the student intends to take to fulfill the requirements of the degree (the Program of Study form is available in Word and PDF format at https://www.k-state.edu/grad/students/masters/index.html). The program of study should consist solely of courses directly related to the master’s degree. Full-time students must file their programs before the end of their second semester of graduate study, and part-time students must do so upon the completion of (9) credit hours. The student should prepare the program of study in consultation with the supervisory committee, all members of which must indicate their approval by signing the Program of Study form provided by the Graduate School. The head of the academic unit must then endorse the Program of Study and forward it to the Dean of the Graduate School, whose approval must be received within the first two semesters of graduate work. Subsequent changes in the program of study require approval of all members of the supervisory committee, and if changes are made, a Program/Committee Change form should be submitted to the Graduate School before graduation. General guidelines for preparing a program of study posted on the Graduate School website should be followed when preparing a program of study.
THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

During their first year, students should schedule one-on-one meetings (in person or online) with graduate faculty members to discuss their professional interests, as graduate faculty members have many commitments and are limited in the number of committees they can supervise or serve on.

Committee Chair
Each student completes the practicum report under the direction of a full-time Mass Communications graduate faculty member, who serves as the adviser to the student and chairperson of the student’s three-person committee. The student needs to specifically ask a faculty member to take on this role and complete and submit the appropriate form to the Graduate School as well as make copies for him/herself AND the Director of Graduate Studies and Research.

The chair guides the student toward a successful conclusion, so the student should work closely with the chair, meet regularly, and take his/her advice.

Once a graduate faculty member agrees to serve as an adviser, he/she is responsible for:
- Helping to select the remaining committee members.
- Helping to finalize the practicum project and conceptualize the approach.
- Reviewing and providing feedback on practicum proposal and report drafts (students should expect to rewrite multiple times).
- Determining when the proposal and final practicum report are ready to be seen by other committee members.
- Reviewing and providing feedback on the practicum report before it is routed to other committee members.
- Chairing the defense and completing the appropriate concluding paperwork.

Committee Members
Each committee should have second and/or third members who are a member of the program’s graduate faculty. Committee members should be knowledgeable about the student’s project topic or area of interest. This is where previous efforts to get to know graduate faculty members is helpful.

Outside Graduate Committee Members
If the graduate student’s topic is one relevant to an outside discipline (e.g. political science, communication studies, sociology, psychology), the student may select his/her third committee member from that department/program. This selection should be made with the direction and approval of the student’s committee chair.
THE CAPSTONE PRACTICUM

A practicum project provides students maximum flexibility in format and enables students to have wide latitude in conceptualizing and producing a professional product. Students must secure practicum approval from an employer (via either an internship or employment) for a duration of at least 120 hours. Upon submitting their practicum report, students are being evaluated both by their practicum supervisor (employer) and by their supervisory committee, in a practicum report meeting (final examination).

THE PRACTICUM PROPOSAL

The practicum project process begins with the development of a proposal, which should be defended in front of the supervisory committee by the end of the third semester. The proposal constitutes the road map for the end product. It outlines what the student will do, how s/he will do it, why and when. The focus should be on how the practicum project will benefit the employer and the industry at large. Once the proposal has been approved by the student’s supervisory committee, it becomes something of a contract. The student promises to do what s/he proposed; the committee promises that if s/he does everything proposed and does it well, the practicum requirement of the degree will be met. The student must also indicate that an employer has approved the practicum. The proposal should be at least 5 pages long (about 1,000 words), and the student should plan for at least four to six weeks to work on it and to secure employer permission. Sections of the practicum proposal should include:

- Introduction - A rationale of why the practicum project is necessary or beneficial.
- Literature review – An overview of literature pertaining to the topic being proposed. Where does the project fit in the larger research and professional picture?
- Procedures - An outline of the steps the student will fulfill in the process of completing the practicum project and an explanation of how the project will be researched.

PRACTICUM PROPOSAL APPROVAL PROCESS

- The committee chair carefully reads and critiques the proposal and provides the student with appropriate feedback.
- The student redrafts the proposal until the adviser is satisfied that it is academically rigorous and details in full the project to be completed.
- Once the adviser approves the proposal, the student must distribute it to the other two committee members at least 10 days before the date of the scheduled proposal defense.
- Once approved by the full committee, the student must submit a copy of the proposal to the director of graduate studies and can proceed with the practicum.
- The adviser must type up a memo and send it to the student, supervisory committee, and graduate director outlining any changes and directions agreed upon during the proposal defense.

ELEMENTS OF A PRACTICUM

1. The Professional Project Component

   The practicum project should demonstrate the student's mastery of a variety of information-gathering techniques and content-creation styles. Students should submit the content to their supervisor/employer in stages, based on a timeline previously agreed upon. The practicum supervisor will then review each component and return it to the student with comments and suggestions. Students should expect to revise their work until the supervisor is satisfied with the final product. The supervisor then fills out an evaluation form to be forwarded to the program of study committee.

2. The Written Component

   All students must submit a written practicum report of about 10 pages regardless of the type of practicum they worked on. Much of the material will come from the proposal, but it should be rewritten in the past tense and updated for the final version of the report.
The sections that need to be in the final written document include:

1. Cover page listing practicum project title and all committee members.
2. Introduction
3. Literature review
4. Method/procedure section and limitations
5. Findings (if appropriate).
6. Final deliverables of the project (e.g. a marketing plan, a series of articles, website screen grabs, usability report(s), a branding campaign, etc.).
7. Discussion/implications (if appropriate).
8. Conclusion.
9. References.
10. Appendices.

Literature Review. The "lit review" is a crucial part of every project report. It helps the student determine what is already known about his or her topic, how the project fits into the larger research picture and serves as a means of gathering relevant information about the topic. The survey of the literature should cover scholarly literature, such as books, articles in scholarly journals and government or privately conducted studies; popular literature, such as work by news organizations and magazines and popular books; and, if appropriate, trade or professional literature, such as magazines, newspapers, newsletters and websites aimed at particular occupations or professions.

Complete Explication of Methods/Procedures. In this section of the project, the student must tell the reader how the purpose discussed in the introduction was accomplished. What approach was used? How was information collected and analyzed? What sources were used? The student should be as specific as possible about sources, both human and digital. How did s/he identify those sources? The student should also address limitations. What did the project not include that a reader or user might reasonably have expected to find? Why was the material excluded? What resources were not available?

THE PRACTICUM DEFENSE (AKA FINAL ORAL EXAMINATION)

An oral defense of the practicum report in front of all committee members is required by the Graduate School. Final examinations should be scheduled early enough to allow the supervisory committee at 10 days to review the report and the supervisor's evaluation.

- The student is responsible for scheduling a defense date and time for a Zoom or in-person presentation.
  - Student should notify the Graduate School of date, time and location for the defense.
  - One hour should be reserved for the defense.
- One to two days before the defense, the adviser or the student should send an email to remind all committee members of the date, time, and place of the defense.
- The student must be registered for the semester in which the defense takes place. The student must present his or her work in real-time to the full committee and allow time for discussion. Based on Graduate School regulations, all members of the committee must be present and participate in the evaluation process. The examination cannot be held with members absent.

At the outset, the student makes a 10-15-minute statement to the committee about the practicum's goals and results. Committee members then ask questions and offer suggestions to improve the report. Next, the committee votes in closed session on the acceptability of the work and on what changes are needed, if any. Students are then called back to discuss the committee recommendations.

The practicum defense should verify the student’s competence to synthesize information across student’s program of study. Results of an oral defense are reported to the Graduate School as “satisfactory” or “unsatisfactory” on the ballot sent.
Evaluation

Satisfactory/Passed
Pass with no changes needed to the report.
Pass with minor changes needed to the report.

 Unsatisfactory/Failed
Substantial changes needed because of the one or more of the following:
- Inadequate literature review
- Incomplete data collection
- Unsatisfactory supervisor evaluation
- Opinion confused with evidence
- Poor quality of writing

Negative votes by two or more members of the committee constitutes failure. A candidate who fails a defense needs to enroll in a different practicum and may take a second examination no sooner than two months or later than 15 months after the failure, unless an extension is granted by the Dean of the Graduate School. No third trial is allowed. The majority of the supervisory committee must vote in favor for the student to pass his/her defense/final exam. The major professor is responsible for returning the signed ballot to the Graduate School.

COMPLETING YOUR DEGREE

Once the capstone practicum has been successfully defended and the final corrected draft has been filed with the Graduate Director, you are ready for graduation. As a graduate degree candidate, you must be enrolled in at least one hour during the semester in which the degree requirements are completed. As stated earlier, your degree will be conferred if you have maintained the requisite 3.0 grade point average and if you have otherwise filed all of the required forms with the Graduate School:
- Program of Study
- Approval of Final Examination Form
- Final Examination Ballot
MEET THE MC GRADUATE FACULTY MEMBERS AND SUPPORT TEAM

Graduate faculty members are professors who have been approved by the Graduate School to chair and serve on thesis and report committees. To form your committee, you should work with your faculty adviser to help determine which faculty are a "good fit" with the subject, the theory, and the methodology, based on their research interests and publications.

Louise Benjamin
Professor and Associate Dean
Office: Calvin 110
louben@ksu.edu

Research interests: media law and history, with an emphasis on broadcast history and regulation, especially early radio from 1900 to 1940

Research methods: historical methods, qualitative methods, legal research methods

Bonnie Bressers
Associate Professor
Office: Kedzie 206A
bressers@ksu.edu

Research interests: journalism’s responses to the changing news industry and audience behaviors, community journalism and community engagement, the intersection of journalism and public relations, health communication

Research methods: survey research, in-depth interviews, focus groups, case studies

Raluca Cozma
Associate Professor and Associate Director for Graduate Studies & Research
Office: Kedzie 112
cozma@ksu.edu

Research interests: international communication, political communication, social media, science communication, media framing, media uses and gratifications, journalism excellence and credibility

Research methods: content analysis, surveys, experiments, historical research, interviews

Barb DeSanto
Adjunct Associate Professor
Office: Kedzie 207
desanto@ksu.edu

Research interests: public relations management, tourism issues, women's rights

Research methods: qualitative methods
Tom Hallaq
Assistant Professor
Office: Dole 158
thallaq@ksu.edu
Research interests: media literacy, religion and journalism, educational technology and curriculum, digital creative works - especially video
Research methods: mixed-methods, survey development

Nikhil Moro
Associate Professor and Director
Office: Kedzie 105
nmoro@ksu.edu
Research interests: media law, Internet law, emerging technologies, international communication
Research methods: legal research

Danielle Myers LaGree
Assistant Professor
Office: Kedzie 217
damilyers@ksu.edu
Research interests: public relations, strategic planning and messaging, health communication - specifically, how perceptions of trust influence attitudes, behaviors, and involvement within the context of agricultural and health communication; career aspirations and socialization of women and students in PR
Research methods: experiments, surveys, in-depth interviews

Nancy Muturi
Professor
Office: Kedzie 217A
numuturi@ksu.edu
Research interests: health communication, risk communication, health education and promotion, social change, women and communication, ICTs
Research methods: focus groups, surveys, participant observation, cultural studies, in-depth interviews
Sam Mwangi
Associate Professor and Journalism Sequence Head
Office: Kedzie 206
scmwangi@ksu.edu

Research interests: international communication, media and democracy, development communication, community media, political communication, media and civic engagement, media technology

Research methods: content analysis, surveys, field observations, focus groups, case studies, interviews

Steve Smethers
Associate Professor and Associate Director for Undergraduate Studies
Office: Kedzie 1048
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Research interests: media and community engagement, alternative news distribution platforms, news deserts, media history

Research methods: in-depth interviews, focus groups, historical research

Alec Tefertiller
Assistant Professor
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Research interests: new media technology, social media and social advertising, streaming television, uses and gratifications, social capital, social influence, entertainment studies

Research methods: online surveys, experiments, data mining and content analysis, online interviews

Xiaochen "Angela" Zhang
Assistant Professor
Office: Kedzie 207
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Research interests: crisis and risk communication, focusing on understanding stakeholder/public psychology and emotions during crisis as well as developing responsive crisis communication strategies; social media (crisis) communication strategies; disaster and organizational crisis communication

Research methods: quantitative experiment, survey, content analysis, case studies
SUPPORT TEAM

Susan Matzke
Senior Administrative Assistant
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Susan Matzke is the main budget officer of the School. She is the contact person for conference travel arrangements. She is also the person you will contact to gain access to individualized or special-permission courses such as MC 690 or MC 899 once you have secured approval from the Associate Director of Graduate Studies.

BEYOND THE MASTER’S DEGREE

Graduate students at the A.Q. Miller School come from a variety of academic and professional backgrounds and have varied career interests and goals. Although it is not possible to address all possible career goals, this section is designed to provide advice for students in several typical career paths.

ADVANCE TO A PH.D. PROGRAM

Each year, several of our students advance from our program to a doctoral program. In fact, if you want to continue working with A.Q. Miller School graduate faculty upon graduation, our school is part of the interdisciplinary doctoral program in Leadership Communication at Kansas State University [https://www.k-state.edu/lead-comm/]. Those who believe that they might be interested in a Ph.D. program should plan their graduate experience at Kansas State carefully with this in mind. Below are some suggestions.

In most cases, take one or more statistics courses as part of your program. Demonstration of competence in statistics will often be seen as a “plus” by Ph.D. admissions committees and may also help land a research assistantship.

Avoid taking special topics or other courses that might not transfer to the Ph.D. program institution. This would include internships, special seminars, and other courses without a clear title or course description.

Strive to obtain an assistantship that will provide experience that might help secure an assistantship at the Ph.D. institution. Excellent work experience, good teaching skills and experience, or a good research assistantship experience are all helpful.

The top Ph.D. programs will be expecting high scores so carefully review GRE scores and consider retaking the examination if necessary. Experience shows that the GRE score can be increased by carefully studying GRE training manuals and taking practice tests.

Strive to submit papers to at least one or more scholarly conferences or journals. Students who have been peer reviewed successfully are much more likely to be admitted to a Ph.D. program because they have shown that they can produce scholarly work.

Study Ph.D. programs, talk to faculty about selection, and target several programs in advance. Make contact with professors at these programs, visit them, and learn about them. Learn about the individual research interests of faculty at these institutions, and strive to locate specific individuals with whom you would like to work.
TEACHING CAREER

Several of our graduates indicate that they are interested in teaching in mass communications after graduation. Another option is becoming a college media adviser. Students with this interest should strive to find as many opportunities to teach while in the program as possible. This will provide valuable work experience and a track record for future employers that proves they can teach and have taught successfully.

Other tips for those who are interested in teaching include:

- Join a professional communication education association such as the Association for Education in Journalism and Mass Communication, Broadcast Education Association, or Association for Communication Excellence. These associations often produce materials useful for teachers, and they are also often involved in accreditation activities.
- Read the Journalism and Mass Communication Educator or other publications about good teaching. Many of these can be found for free at various websites.
- Attend university seminars and workshops offered by the Teaching & Learning Center. These are free and are announced in advance K-State Today.
- Consider a thesis topic that relates to the improvement of teaching in some respect.

PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYMENT

Typically, the majority of our graduates obtain positions as communication specialists or strategists with corporations, universities, or non-governmental organizations. Several others obtain positions directly with the mass media. Those who seek professional employment following graduation should monitor job announcements and the placement service operated by the College of Arts and Sciences. Students lacking substantial professional communication experience should consider adding an additional internship to their graduate program, although the practicum will be very beneficial on its own. Most journalism jobs give priority to those who have significant professional experience. Many higher-level positions are strategic in nature – they include a strong component of communication management, campaign design, and evaluation. Experience in these areas may improve your chances of qualifying for these positions.

In general, build upon the strengths that you already possess. If you possess valuable international credentials, search for companies and jobs that reflect your assets. If you have newspaper reporting experience, use that as a base to build toward a higher-level newspaper position or to transfer to other areas that look favorably on prior professional reporting experience. Many jobs in public relations, for example, are seeking individuals with two or more years of professional reporting or similar experience.